### Unit 1



# Fish and Chips

### A Reading Comprehension 2



For many people fish and chips are the most famous British dish. This refers to fish, usually cod or haddock, which is coated in batter and then deep fried. The batter gives the fish a wonderful golden, slightly crunchy 'coat'. The chips are usually fatter than their counterparts known as French fries elsewhere. Some people like to eat peas with their fish and chips. Often the peas are cooked until they are very soft, and then they are known as 'mushy peas'. Quite often bread and butter are served as an accompaniment to fish and chips. The usual seasoning for fish and chips is just salt and vinegar.

Fish and chips originated in Britain at the beginning of the nineteenth century. But fried fish and fried potatoes had been served separately for many years before someone had the bright idea of putting the two together

to make fish and chips. The idea was an instant 15 hit, and today fish and chips seem a natural pair of foods like eggs and bacon and curry and rice. At one time every 20 neighbourhood in Britain had its fish-and-chip shop, usually known simply as the chip shop or 'chippie'. Until not too 25 long ago, fish and chips were wrapped up in layers of newspaper to keep them hot for people taking them home. This



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practice has now stopped, however, as it is no longer considered to be hygienic.

Fish and chips used to be a cheap meal enjoyed by everyone, but now cod and haddock, which were once so plentiful in the seas around Britain, have been so overfished that there are severe restrictions on the numbers 5 which may be caught. This has meant that fish and chips have shot up in cost. Also, tastes are changing, and a lot of people now think that fried foods like fish and chips are a bit unhealthy. But still, for a lot of British people, fish and chips are a nostalgic meal, reminding them of their child-hood perhaps, when a day out to the seaside would not have been complete 10 without eating fish and chips!

### **Exercise 1** Reading Comprehension の内容と合っている場合は T (True) を、合っていない場合は F (False) を記入しましょう。

- 1. ( ) The writer says British chips are usually crunchier than their counterparts, French fries.
- 2. ( ) People had been cooking fried fish and fried potatoes long before they combined them in fish and chips.
- 3. ( ) Fish-and-chip shop, chip shop and 'chippie' all mean the same thing.
- 4. ( ) The writer says that there are strict fishing controls in the seas around Britain.
- 5. ( ) The writer says the only place a person can eat fish and chips today is at the seaside.

#### **Notes**

cod or haddock「鱈あるいはコダラ」 is coated in batter「衣をつけて」 fatter than . . . 「~より油っこい」 their counterparts「それらと同様のもの」 peas'「茹でてつぶした豆料理」 are served as an accompaniment to . . . 「~の付 け合わせとして出される」 seasoning「味付け」 originated in . . . 「~に始まる」 putting the two together「このふたつを合わせて」 a natural pair of ... 「~のう were wrapped up in 「~で包んで」 ってつけの組み合わせ」 At one time 「昔」 **to keep them hot**「それらを出来立てのままで」 used to be ... 「むかしは~だった」 so overfished that「乱獲の結果」 nostalgic「郷愁をそそる」 plentiful「豊富な」 reminding them of . . . 「かれらに~を思い起こさせる」a day out to the seaside 「海 would not have been complete without . . . 「~なければ、物 辺の日帰り小旅行士 足りないと感じずにはいられない」

### Exercise 2 Reading Comprehension にある英語表現について、下線部と同じ意味になるものをa. b. c. の中から選びましょう。

1. which is coated in batter

	a. cooked	b. covered	c. eaten				
2.	are served <u>as an accompaniment to</u> fish and chips a. on the same plate as b. as an alternative to c. as a side order with						
3.	someone had <u>the brig</u> la. the excellent idea		c. the only idea				
4.	it is no longer conside a. practical	red to be <u>hygienic</u> b. healthy	c. cost-effective				
5.	a. remained the same price b. become cheaper c. become much more expensive						
Exercise 3       ( ) 内の語句を適切な語順に並べ、英文を完成させましょう。ただし、文頭に来る語も小文字で与えてあります。							
1.	1. Some people like tomato ketchup with fish and chips,						
	(and, but, I, prefer, salt, vinegar)						
2.	We have some of your favourite dishes on the menu today: fish and bacon.						
	(and, and, chips, curry, eggs, rice)						
3.	up in newspaper. (at, one, shops, some, time, used)						
4.	. Cod and haddock were once found in large						
	(around, Britain, in, numbers, seas, th						
5.	•	sh, famous, Japanese, mos					

# **B** Dialogue

### Exercise 4 人 次の会話の音声を聴いて、下線部に入る語句を書き取りましょう。

6	ra	ck	
	S		

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Hiroko a	and Peter are feelin	g hungry.					
Peter:	I'm feeling hungry.						
Hiroko:	: Me too. I only had a sandwich to eat at lunchtime, <sup>1</sup>						
Peter:	I really fancy some old-fashioned fish and chips and 'mushy peas'.						
Hiroko:	'Mushy peas'—what's that?						
Peter:	Well, <sup>2.</sup> I like them a lot.						
Hiroko:	Do we <sup>3.</sup> ?						
Peter:							
			p shop and either eat some-				
11: 1		g some <sup>5.</sup>					
Hiroko:	rnat sounds good	to me. I can hardly wait.					
2 a. Th b. Th		ed at home.	c. Only Hiroko ?				
3			?				
	lushy peas'	b. Fish and chips	c. Pizza				
4			?				
a. The fish-and-chip shop							
	The pizza place Both the fish-and-chip shop and the pizza place						
С. БС	om the fish-and-c	mp snop and the pizza p	nace				
5			?				
	eat at the fish-ar						
	take the fish and						