

Preparation for the TOEIC® Test

—Listening & Reading—

はじめての TOEIC® テスト

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はしがき

インターネットの普及により E メールがごく普通に使われる時代になりました。このようなグローバル化社会を生き抜くために必要なものの一つは英語力です。そしてそれを測るための一つの目安が TOEIC® テスト（以下 TOEIC）です。より実践的な問題に慣れるために TOEIC のリスニングおよびリーディング問題を次の配列で作成しました。

リスニングセクション

1. Photographs
2. Short Conversation
3. Short Talk

リーディングセクション

4. Incomplete Sentences
5. Text Completion
6. Reading Comprehension (single passage)

リスニング (1 ~ 3) 問題、リーディング (4 ~ 6) 問題でそれぞれ各 1 レッスンを構成し、それを交互に繰り返して全 15 レッスンとなっています。

本書で TOEIC 形式の問題演習を積み重ねることにより、学習者の英語力が少しでも向上すれば幸いです。

本書を著すに際して、南雲堂の岡崎まち子氏、加藤敦氏には大変お世話になりました。ここに編著者一同、心よりお礼申し上げます。

編著者一同

テキストの構成と使い方

本書は全 15 レッスンからなり、リスニングは奇数レッスン、リーディングは偶数レッスンとなっています。そして TOEIC 問題の特徴をよく捉えた問題配列となっています。

Listening

1. Photographs

3 枚の写真が用意されており、それぞれに 4 つの英語説明があります。その中から最もよく写真の説明をしているものを (A) ~ (D) の中から選びましょう。

2. Short Conversation

2 人の中の短い会話を聞きます。会話の内容について 5 つの質問が用意されています。その質問のそれぞれに 4 つの選択肢があります。質問に対する最もふさわしい答えを (A) ~ (D) の中から選びましょう。

3. Short Talk

ショートトークを聞きます。その内容について 5 つの質問が用意されています。それぞれの質問には 4 つの選択肢があり、最もふさわしい答えを (A) ~ (D) の中から選びましょう。

Reading

4. Incomplete Sentences

短い英文を完成するための問題が 5 つ用意されています。その問題のそれぞれに 4 つの選択肢があります。最もふさわしい答えを (A) ~ (D) の中から選びましょう。

5. Text Completion

長い英文を完成するための問題が用意されています。その中に 5 つの空所がありますが、それぞれの空所に 4 つの選択肢があります。最もふさわしい答えを (A) ~ (D) の中から選びましょう。

6. Reading Comprehension (Single passage)

英文を読みましょう。英文の内容について 5 つの設問が用意されています。その設問のそれぞれに 4 つの選択肢があります。最もふさわしい答えを (A) ~ (D) の中から選びましょう。

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1. Photographs

CD 2

For each picture you are going to hear four short statements. Look at the picture and choose the statement that best describes what you see in the picture.

1.



(A) (B) (C) (D)

2.



(A) (B) (C) (D)

3.



(A) (B) (C) (D)

2. Short Conversation

CD 3

You are going to listen to a short conversation. Choose the best answer to each question.

4. Where does this conversation take place?
 - (A) At an airport
 - (B) On a plane
 - (C) On a train
 - (D) At a train station

5. How many bags is the passenger taking on her trip?
 - (A) 0
 - (B) 1
 - (C) 2
 - (D) 3

6. What happened before the conversation took place?
 - (A) She printed out her boarding pass.
 - (B) She lost her baggage on the street.
 - (C) She checked in online.
 - (D) She bought a new printer.

7. How much baggage allowance does the airline give passengers for domestic flights?
 - (A) None
 - (B) 20 kilograms
 - (C) 22 kilograms
 - (D) 25 kilograms

8. Which of the following can be inferred about the passenger's flight?
 - (A) It has been cancelled.
 - (B) It has been delayed.
 - (C) It is a domestic flight.
 - (D) It is an international flight.

3. Short Talk



You are going to listen to a short talk. Choose the best answer to each question.

9. Where does this talk take place?
 - (A) On an airplane
 - (B) At an arrivals lounge
 - (C) At a departure gate
 - (D) In a classroom
10. Where are the people going?
 - (A) UK
 - (B) USA
 - (C) Korea
 - (D) China
11. Which of the following people cannot board yet?
 - (A) A person in a wheelchair
 - (B) A person who has paid for a cheap seat
 - (C) A person who has paid for an expensive seat
 - (D) A mother and her baby
12. What can be said about economy-class passengers?
 - (A) They will queue at the same time.
 - (B) They will miss the flight.
 - (C) They will queue in order.
 - (D) They can board the plane now.
13. When will the airplane take off?
 - (A) Immediately
 - (B) Within the next 10 minutes
 - (C) In 15 minutes time
 - (D) In more than 15 minutes time

4. Incomplete Sentences



1. Air fares for a ticket on the same flight in the same class ----- widely.
 - (A) float
 - (B) downsize
 - (C) fluctuate
 - (D) move
2. Regional airlines, such as the Asian-based carriers, offer ----- reduced fares.
 - (A) subtly
 - (B) courteously
 - (C) profitably
 - (D) substantially
3. They negotiate with travel agencies who sell their tickets for them in return for rebates or ----- .
 - (A) commissions
 - (B) communications
 - (C) coordination
 - (D) community
4. According to agencies, the number of foreign visitors to Japan ----- the month of March this year was over one million.
 - (A) when
 - (B) while
 - (C) between
 - (D) during
5. Shinkansen in Japan provide highly ----- lines which connect major cities throughout Japan.
 - (A) rely
 - (B) relied
 - (C) reliable
 - (D) reliability

5. Text Completion



Frequent daily departures include a ---^{6.}--- trip ferry ticket to the Statue of Liberty, tickets to the ---^{7.}--- deck of one of the gorgeous buildings of the world, the Empire State Building, the Downtown Loop, the Uptown Loop, Brooklyn and a one hour night tour. Stop at more than 50 places. ---^{8.}--- hop-on, hop off! Passengers on the sightseeing buses can listen to ---^{9.}--- in various languages through earphones. You will also get a discount ---^{10.}--- for a famous department store in Manhattan! We've got the perfect tour for you.

- | | |
|--|---|
| 6. (A) triangle
(B) round
(C) couple
(D) turn | 9. (A) direction
(B) route
(C) analysis
(D) guidance |
| 7. (A) observed
(B) observer
(C) observable
(D) observation | 10. (A) check
(B) bill
(C) coupon
(D) note |
| 8. (A) Allowed
(B) Additional
(C) Unlimited
(D) Premium | |

6. Reading Comprehension (Single passage)



People hope that travel to natural sites can renew their spirits and promote health as well. Ecotourism is a new trend that is gaining popularity as a way to visit spots of natural beauty. In ecotourism, the emphasis is on nature rather than on the stimulating thrills of adventure travel or the conventional pleasures of sightseeing. The aim of ecotourism is to attract visitors into previously inaccessible areas of the natural world with minimal disruption of the environment. Ecotourism also has a strong economic impact on these natural regions. Tourist dollars encourage national governments to preserve their natural areas in good condition.

11. What kind of travel is becoming more popular recently?
(A) Art gallery tours
(B) Theme park tours
(C) City sightseeing
(D) Visiting natural spots
12. What does ecotourism emphasize?
(A) The conventional pleasures of sightseeing
(B) The exciting thrills of adventure
(C) Natural beauty
(D) The desire for a simple life
13. What does money from ecotourism promote?
(A) The conservation of the natural environment
(B) The development of sightseeing areas
(C) The building of new theme parks
(D) The creation of new models of sightseeing buses